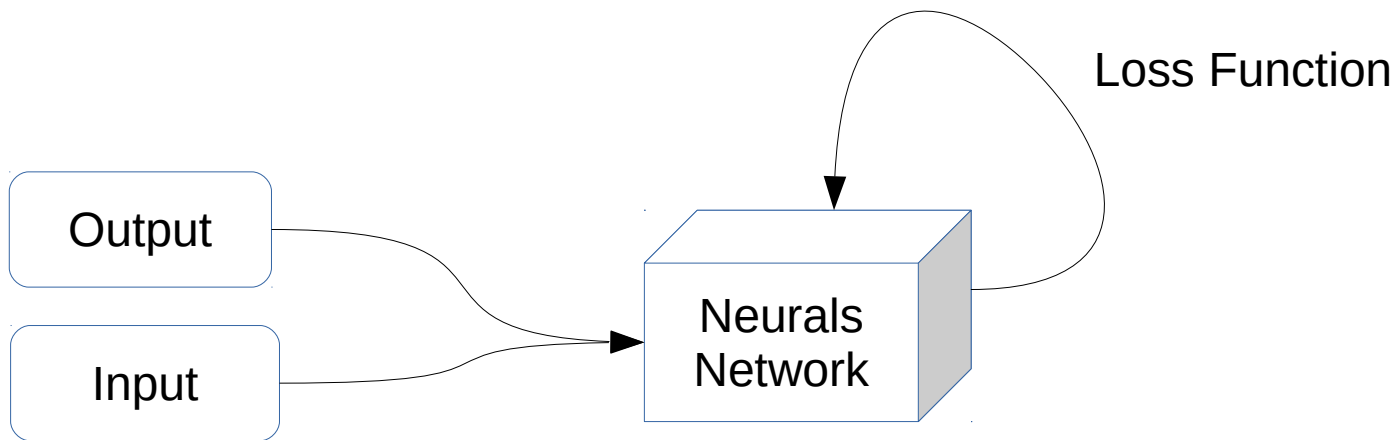
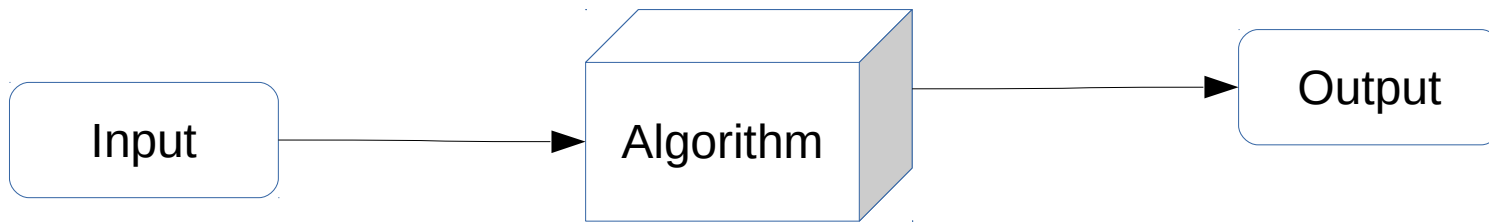


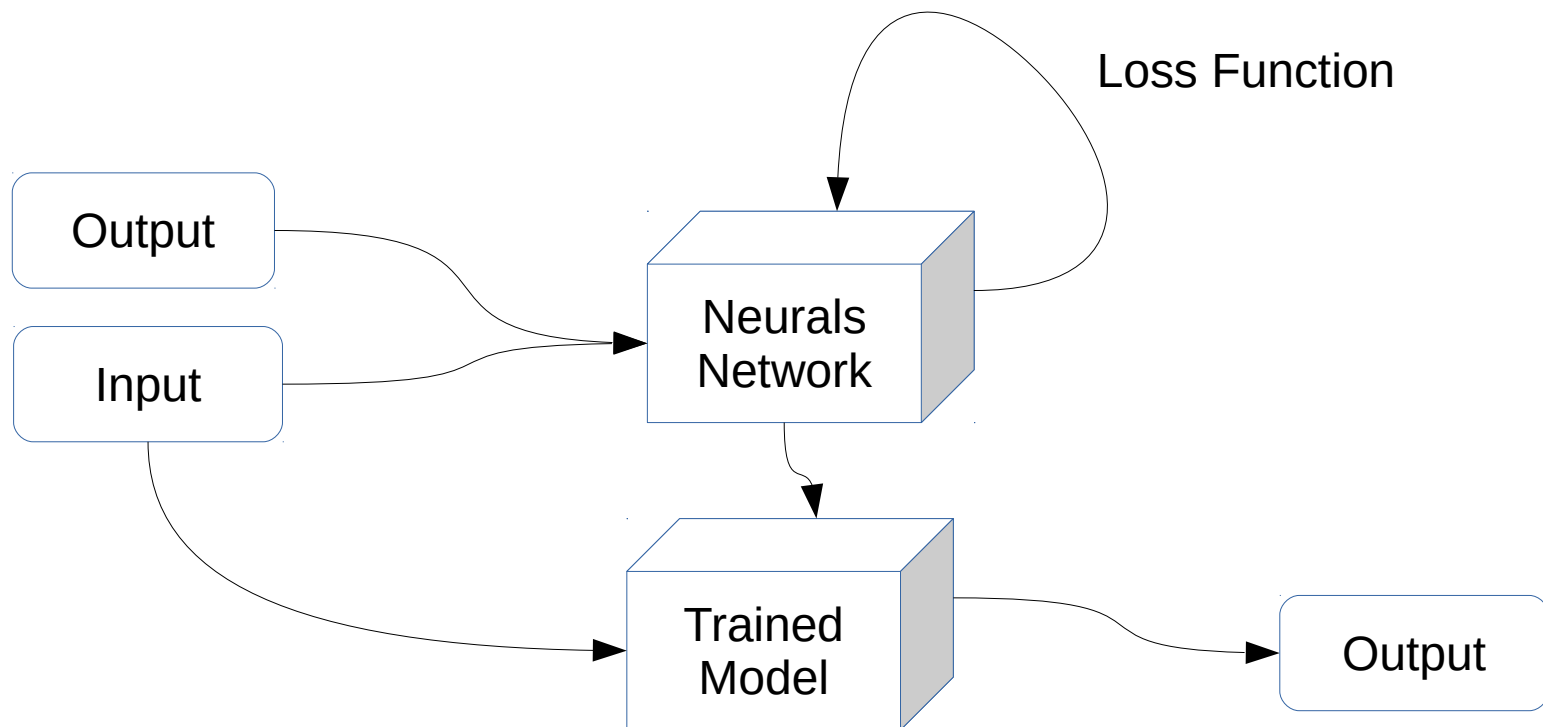
# Deep Learning and GeoSpatial Data

@o\_courtin

@foss4g.be 2019







Computer Vision at scale with RoboSat.pink

# Goals

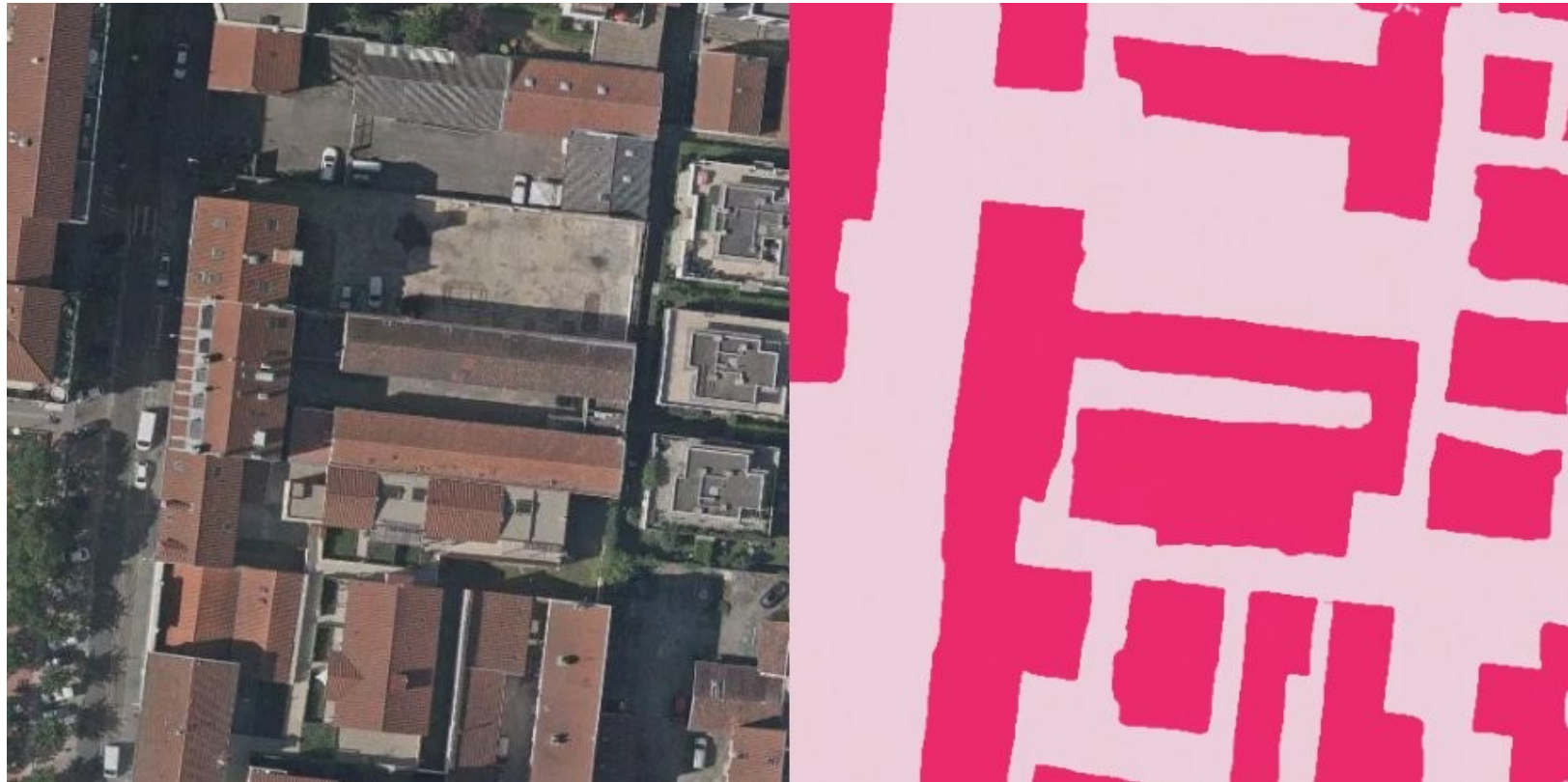
Detect inconsistencies between two DataSets

Train on a small area, predict on a larger one.

DataSet Quality Analysis

Change Detection highlighter

Features extraction



@RoboSatPink

Computer Vision ecosystem for GeoSpatial Imagery

# RoboSat

**!=**

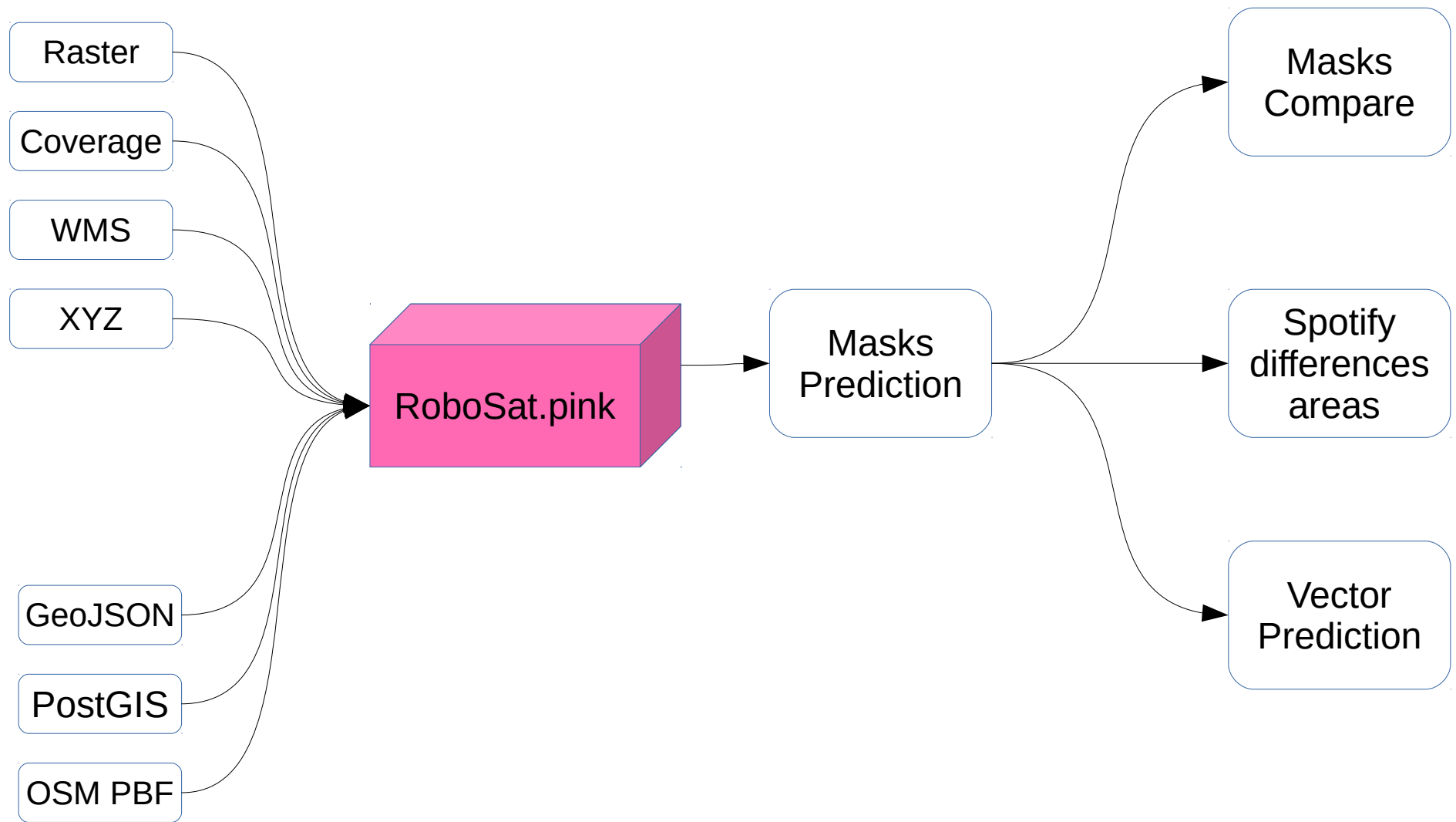
# RoboSat.pink

<https://github.com/mapbox/robosat>

<https://github.com/datapink/robosat.pink>

<https://github.com/mapbox/robosat/issues/184>





# Compare Predicts against alternate datasets



Pink : Predicted by trained model

Green : Alternate dataset

Grey : Both agree



Pink squares : Significant differences

# Command Line Interface

## Tools:

- `rsp cover` Generate a tiles covering, in csv format: X,Y,Z
- `rsp download` Downloads tiles from a remote server (XYZ, WMS, or TMS)
- `rsp extract` Extracts GeoJSON features from OpenStreetMap .pbf
- `rsp rasterize` Rasterize vector features (GeoJSON or PostGIS), to raster tiles
- `rsp subset` Filter images in a slippy map dir using a csv tiles cover
- `rsp tile` Tile raster coverage
- `rsp train` Trains a model on a dataset
- `rsp export` Export a model to ONNX or Torch JIT
- `rsp predict` Predict masks, from given inputs and an already trained model
- `rsp compare` Compute composite images and/or metrics to compare several XYZ dirs
- `rsp vectorize` Extract simplified GeoJSON features from segmentation masks
- `rsp info` Print RoboSat.pink version informations

# RoboSat.pink 101



<https://github.com/datapink/robosat.pink/blob/master/docs/101.md>

**Easy to deploy**

```
pip3 install RoboSat.pink
```

So all you need is :

- Imagery
- GPU
- Labels

So all you need is :

- Imagery → *any file format readable by GDAL*
- GPU → *NVIDIA > 8Go RAM*
- Labels → *that's often the key point*



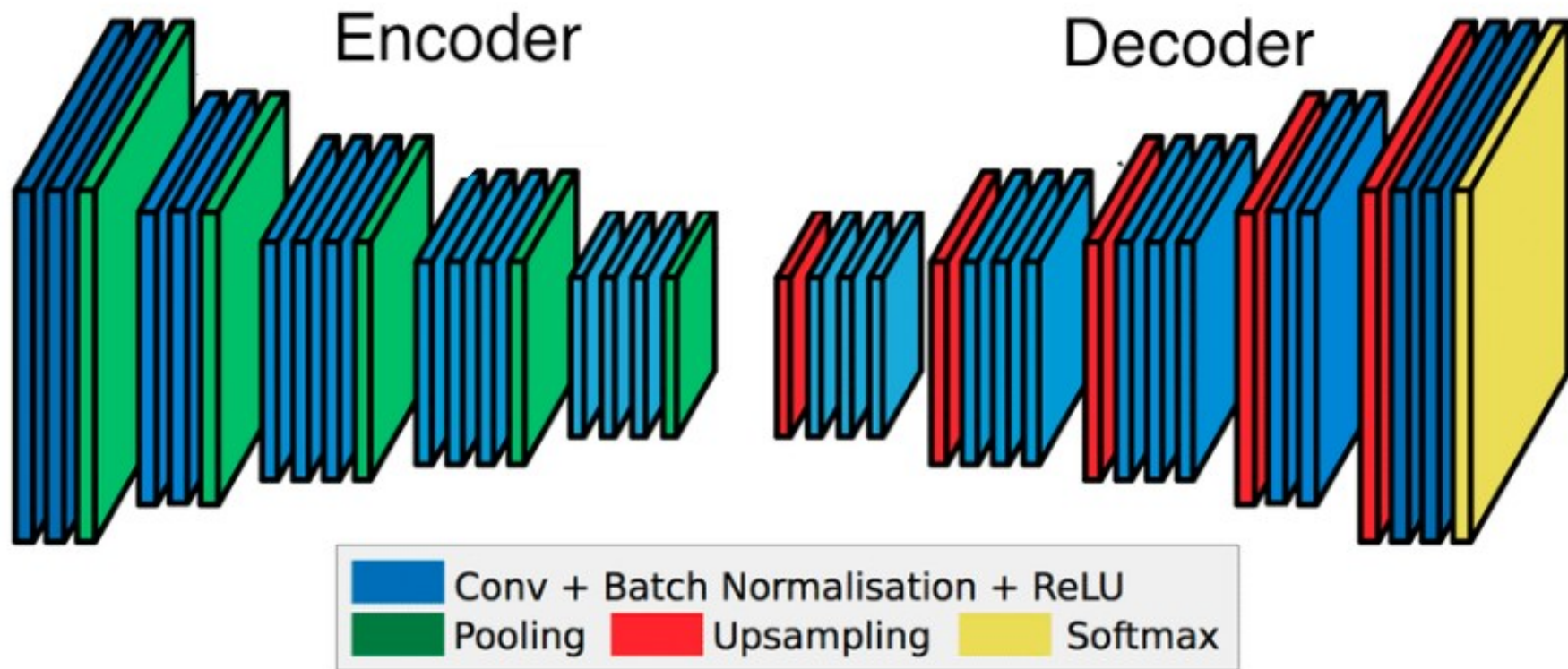
# From OpenData to OpenDataSet



[https://github.com/datapink/robosat.pink/blob/master/docs/from\\_opendata\\_to\\_opendataset.md](https://github.com/datapink/robosat.pink/blob/master/docs/from_opendata_to_opendataset.md)



# Unet Like with ResNet50 Encoder



*Encoder-Decoder architecture*

Image Credit: <https://divamgupta.com>

# Surface based semantic Loss



Image

Label

Cross Entropy

mIoU

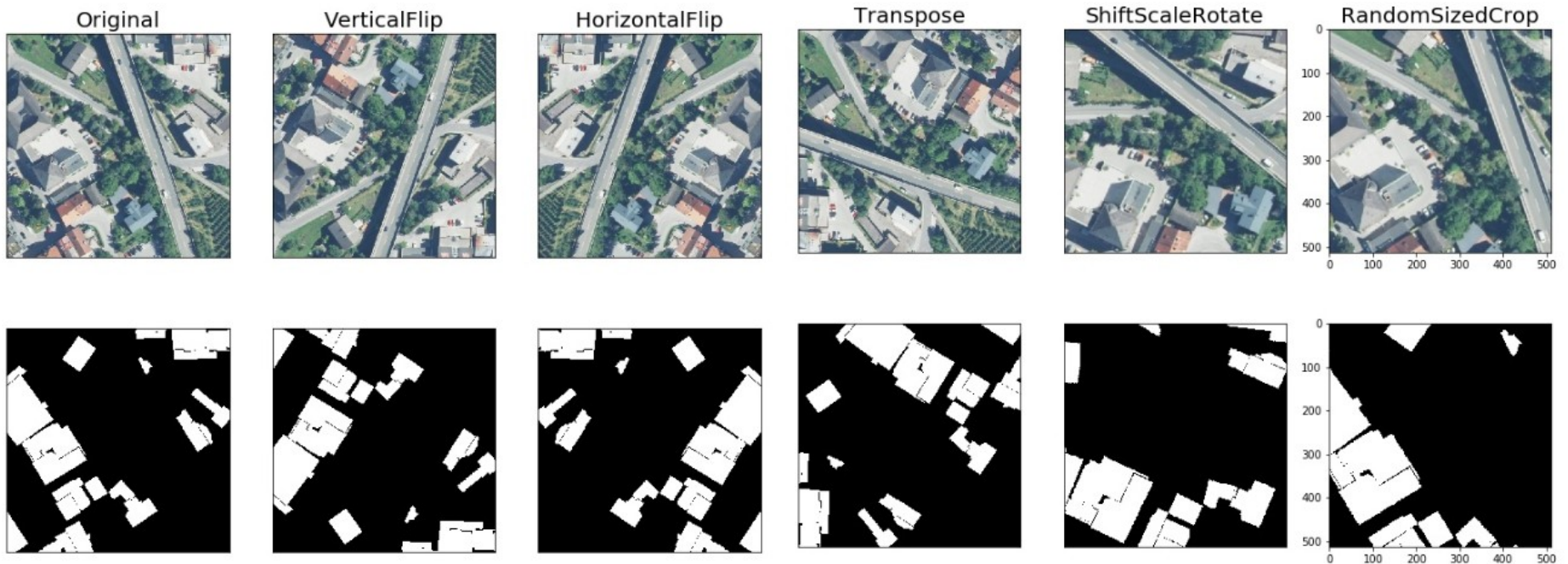
Lovasz

[http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~wenjie/papers/iccv17/mattyus\\_etal\\_iccv17.pdf](http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~wenjie/papers/iccv17/mattyus_etal_iccv17.pdf)

<http://www.cs.umanitoba.ca/~ywang/papers/isvc16.pdf>

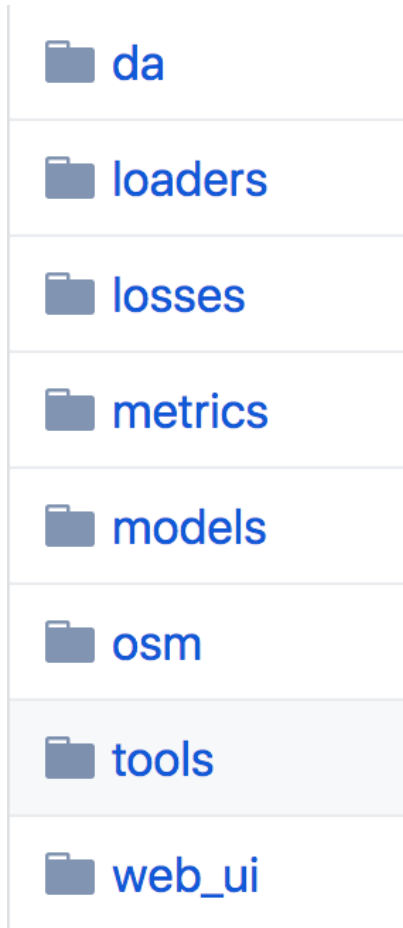
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1705.08790>

# Data Augmentations



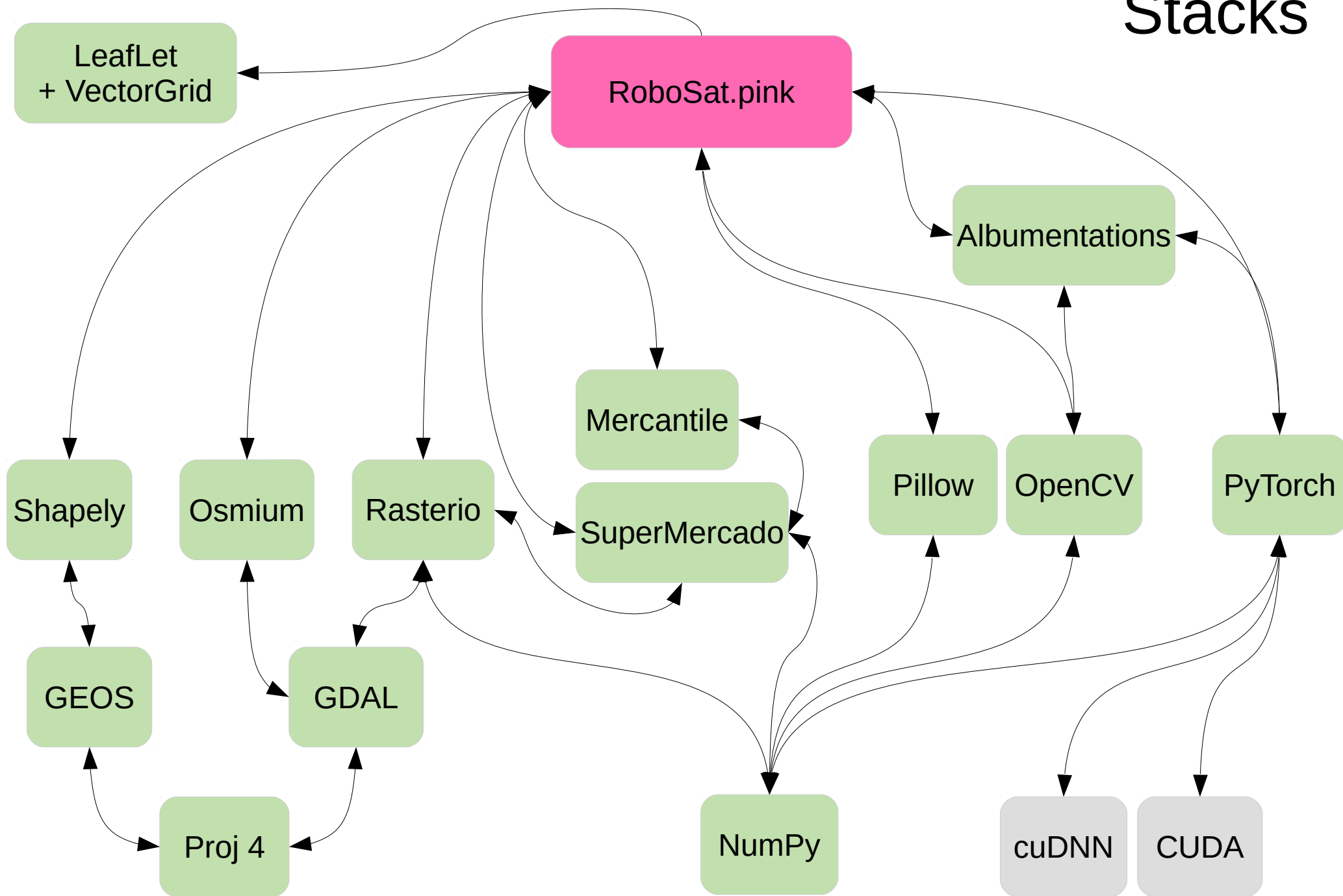
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1809.06839>  
<https://github.com/albu/albumentations>

# More than an application, an easy to extent framework




[https://github.com/datapink/robosat.pink/blob/master/docs/extensibility\\_by\\_design.md](https://github.com/datapink/robosat.pink/blob/master/docs/extensibility_by_design.md)

# Stacks



# Open Source

 **datapink / robosat.pink**  
forked from [ocourtin/robosat](#)

 Unwatch ▾ 10  Star 84  Fork 247


[<> Code](#) [🔔 Issues 11](#) [🔗 Pull requests 0](#) [🛡 Security](#) [📊 Insights](#) [⚙ Settings](#)

Computer Vision framework for GeoSpatial Imagery

[Edit](#)

[computer-vision](#) [semantic-segmentation](#) [aerial-imagery](#) [satellite-imagery](#) [deep-learning](#) [geospatial](#) [openstreetmap](#) [data-quality](#)  
[dataset-filtering](#) [change-detection](#) [feature-extraction](#) [remote-sensing](#) [earth-observation](#) [pytorch](#)

[Manage topics](#)

 **880** commits  **1** branch  **9** releases  **1** environment  **11** contributors  MIT

# Request For Funding

- Increase (again) prediction accuracy :
  - on low resolution imagery
  - even with few labels
  - feature extraction when they are (really) close
  - with multibands and Data Fusion
- Add support for :
  - MultiClass
  - PointCloud data support
  - Time Series Imagery
- Improve (again) performances

# Few performances Metrics

rsp train	~5 Mp/s, -per epoch-
rsp download	~1 to 5 Mp/s
rsp tile	~5 Mp/s
rsp predict	~10 Mp/s
rsp compare	~50 Mp/s
rsp rasterize	~50 Mp/s
rsp vectorize	~50 Mp/s

8 cores CPU, single GPU (either RTX or V100), SSD



# How to scale it, or improve it again ?

rsp train	add more GPU, reduce dataset redundancy, improve model, loss or optimizer
rsp tile	add more CPU use raster compression
rsp predict	export model to ONNX or JIT, then use an high performance inference solution.

# Why performances matters ?

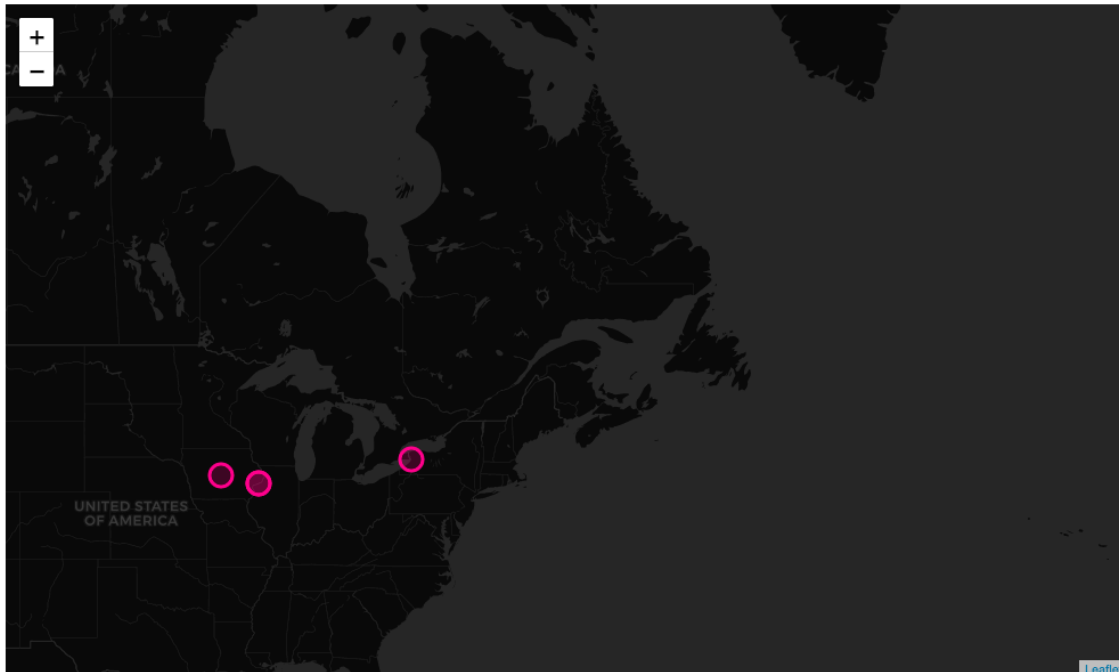
- Playful and Human Learning
- Time and money saver
- No Planet B

# Computer Vision Take Away

- Industrial OSS state of art GeoSpatial Imagery framework available
- Plain OpenData can be use to train accurate model
- Performances already OK to use it for region / small country area, even on cheap GPU server
- Scale if you provide better hardware...

From text to map, a state of art !

[ "The Port of Paulsboro is located on the Delaware River and Mantua Creek in and around Paulsboro, in Gloucester County, New Jersey, US, approximately 78 miles (126 km) from the Atlantic Ocean. Traditionally one of the nation's busiest for marine transfer operations, notably for crude oil and petroleum products, such as jet fuel and asphalt, it is a port of entry with several facilities within a foreign trade zone.\nA part of the port is being redeveloped as an adaptable deep water omniport able to handle a variety of bulk and break bulk cargo, as well as shipping containers. It is targeted to become a manufacturing/assembly center for wind turbines for the development of wind power in New Jersey and other offshore wind power projects along the East Coast of the United States. The Paulsboro Marine Terminal, as it is known, is owned by the South Jersey Port Corporation and operated by Holt Logistics. The first ship is expected to arrive at the new facility in early 2017 carrying steel for NLMK. The first ship to call at the port, the Doric Warrior, carrying steel for NLMK, arrived March 3, 2017, marking the opening of the new facility." ]



Text 2 Map

Which part of the text refer to a spatial stuff ?

Which part of the text refer to a spatial stuff ?

Then, is this toponym, findable in a Gazetteer ?

Which part of the text refer to a spatial stuff ?

*Named Entity Recognition*

Then, is this toponym, findable in a Gazetteer ?



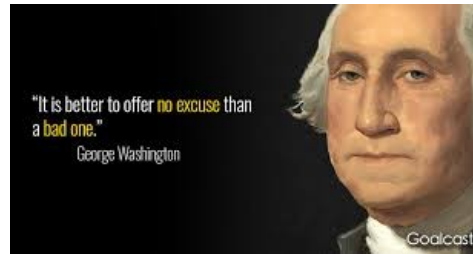
Which part of the text refer to a spatial stuff ?

*Named Entity Recognition*

Then, is this toponym, findable in a Gazetteer ?

*GeoNames query*

Which part of the text refer to a spatial stuff ?



*Named Entity Recognition*

Then, is this toponym, findable in a Gazetteer ?

*GeoNames query*

Which part of the text refer to a spatial stuff ?

*Named Entity Recognition*

Then, is this toponym, findable in a Gazetteer ?

*GeoNames query*



Why NLP hard ?

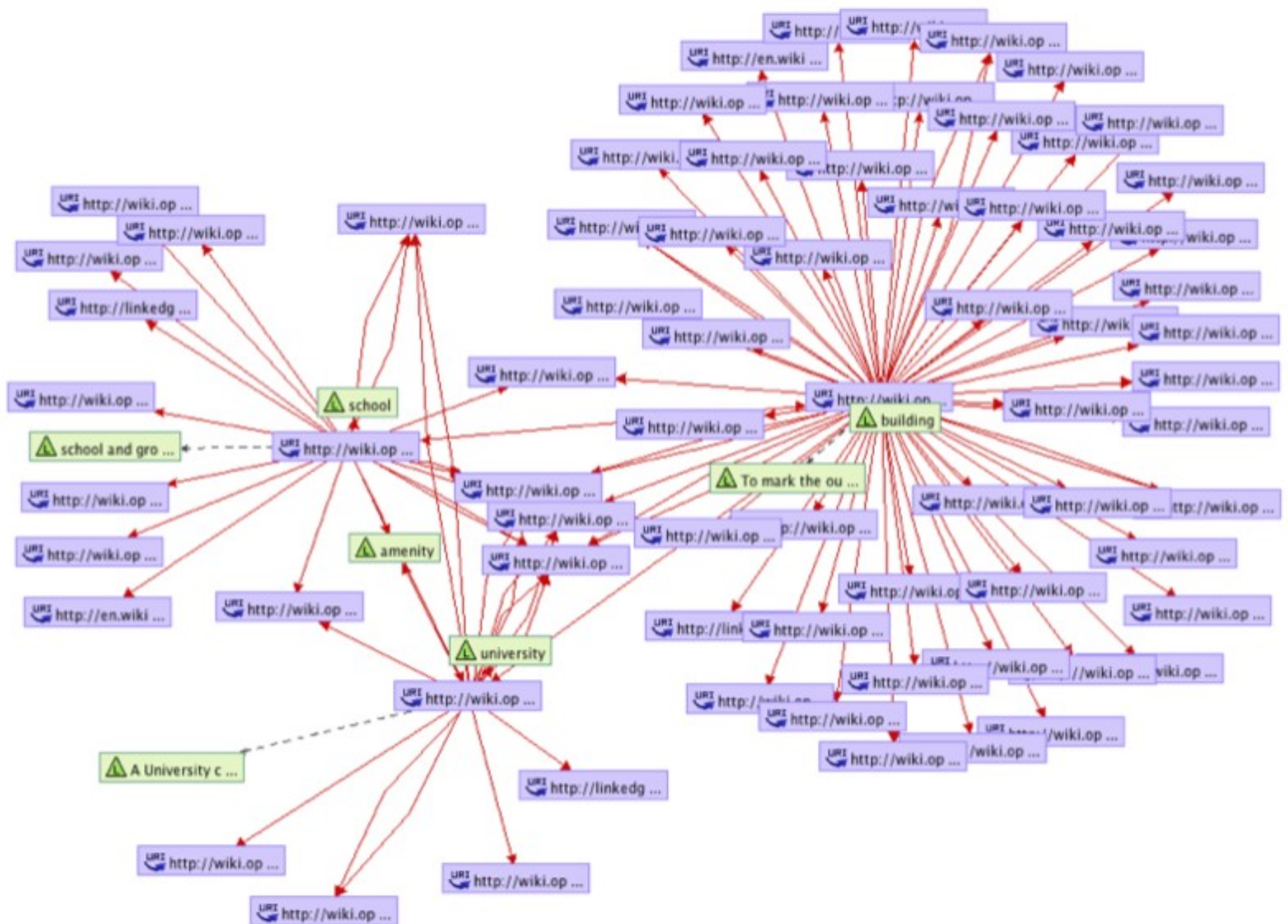
Let's eat grandma !

Let's eat, grandma !

Irony

« The meaning of a word is its use in the language. »

Ludwig Wittgenstein



Source: [https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/OSM\\_Semantic\\_Network](https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/OSM_Semantic_Network)





# FOUNDATIONS OF STATISTICAL NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

CHRISTOPHER D. MANNING AND  
HINRICH SCHÜTZE

# **NLP Open Source libs**

	SPACY	NLTK	CORENLP
Programming language	Python	Python	Java / Python
Neural network models	✓	✗	✓
Integrated word vectors	✓	✗	✗
Multi-language support	✓	✓	✓
Tokenization	✓	✓	✓
Part-of-speech tagging	✓	✓	✓
Sentence segmentation	✓	✓	✓
Dependency parsing	✓	✗	✓
Entity recognition	✓	✓	✓
Entity linking	✗	✗	✗
Coreference resolution	✗	✗	✓

Source: <https://spacy.io/usage/facts-figures>

	SPACY	NLTK	CORENLP
Programming language	Python	Python	Java / Python
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Sentence segmentation	✓	✓	✓
Dependency parsing	✓	✗	✓
Entity recognition	✓	✓	✓
Entity linking	✗	✗	✗
Coreference resolution	✗	✗	✓

Source: <https://spacy.io/usage/facts-figures>

SacreMoses      <https://github.com/alvations/sacremoses>

PyTorch Text      <https://github.com/pytorch/text>

DeepPavlov      <https://github.com/deepmipt/DeepPavlov>

```
# NER classification with an EN Large model
```

```
ner_en_lg = nlp_en_lg(abstract)  
sp.displacy.render(ner_en_lg, jupyter=True, style='ent')
```

[' The Davenport Community School District **ORG** Is a public school district in Scott County **GPE** , Iowa **GPE** . The school district covers 109 square miles **QUANTITY** ( 280 km2 **QUANTITY** ) that includes the city of Davenport **GPE** , where it is based, and the western Scott County **GPE** communities of Blue Grass **ORG** , Buffalo **GPE** and Walcott **PERSON** . Founded in 1858 **DATE** it established one **CARDINAL** of the first **ORDINAL** publicly funded high schools in the United States **GPE** , the third **ORDINAL** teachers' **ORG** training school and hired the first **ORDINAL** female superintendent in the country. It serves nearly 16,000 **CARDINAL** students in 31 **CARDINAL** school buildings. ']



# mordecai

full text geoparsing

[github.com/openeventdata/mordecai](https://github.com/openeventdata/mordecai)

# Perspectives

NER :

- Use more rich structured text, as dbpedia to train models
- Anything helpful for multilang handling
- Use latest papers: [https://nlpprogress.com/english/named\\_entity\\_recognition.html](https://nlpprogress.com/english/named_entity_recognition.html)

Gazetteer

- OCR existing maps for completion ?
- Other kind of data allowing massive completion ?

Toponym matching

- Batch to use text context
- Use others dimensions than only population, and obviously geographical one...

# NLP TakeAway

NLP is harder than any others patterns recognition domains

NER softwares and models already availables

Academic NLP R&D is an hot and vivid topic

Firsts Text2Map tools arises

But still lot to do !





Extract insights from GeoSpatial data with Deep Learning

Development, Expertise, Support and Training, on :

- Computer Vision
- Natural Language Processing
- Time Series Analysis

@data\_pink

[www.datapink.com](http://www.datapink.com)