

Upcoming changes in OGC standards and how to get involved

President, OGC
Brussels, 24 October 2019
at FOSS4G Belgium 2019







Using location, we connect people, communities, technology and decision making to create a sustainable future

What is the OGC?

- Hub for thought leadership and innovation
- Forum for communities to tackle interoperability issues within and across communities
- Global consortium of members (industry, government and academia)
- Open location standards organization





Communities-Tech & Domain

Partnerships & Alliances



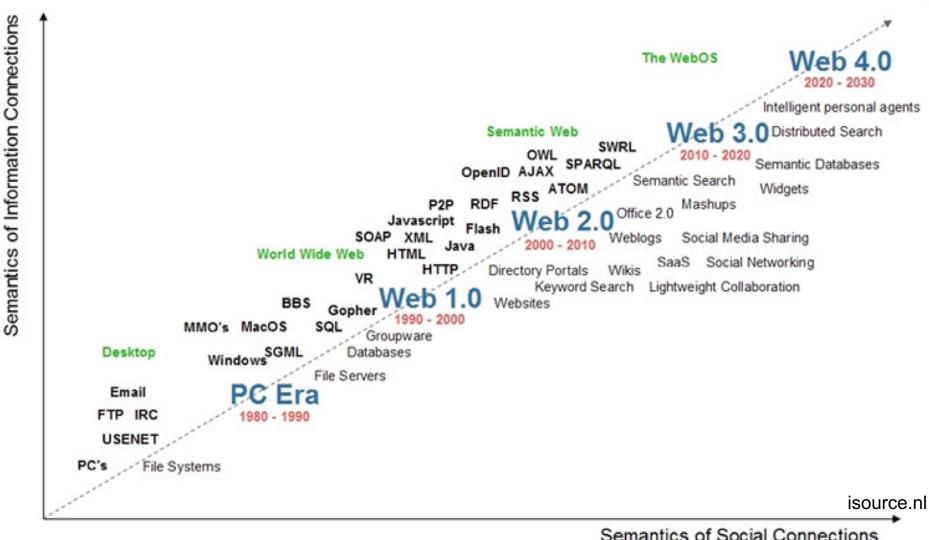
Process for Standards & Innovation





Well how did we get here? A brief history of ...

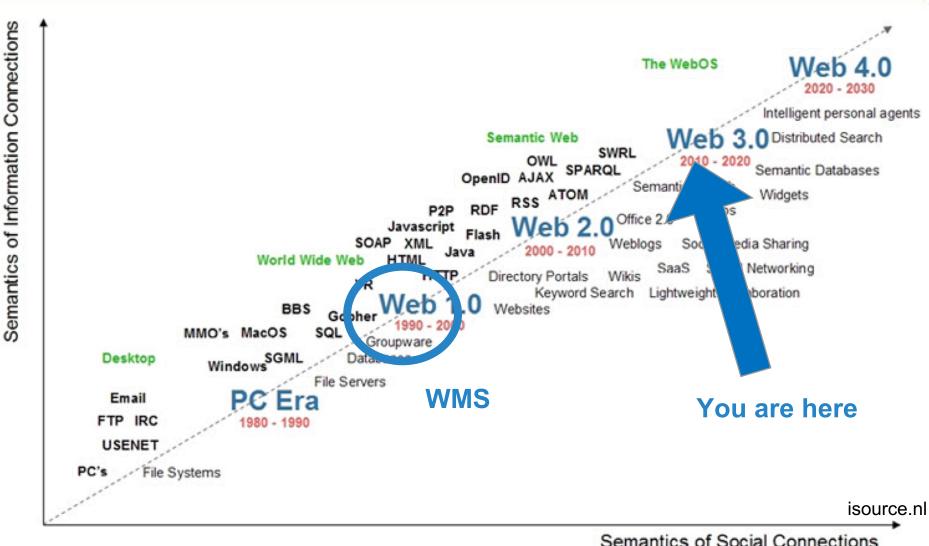




Semantics of Social Connections

We were ahead of our time!



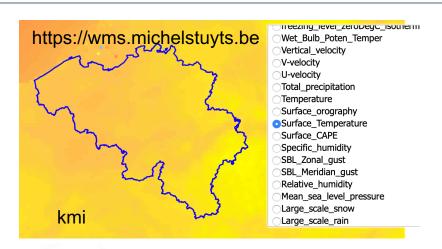


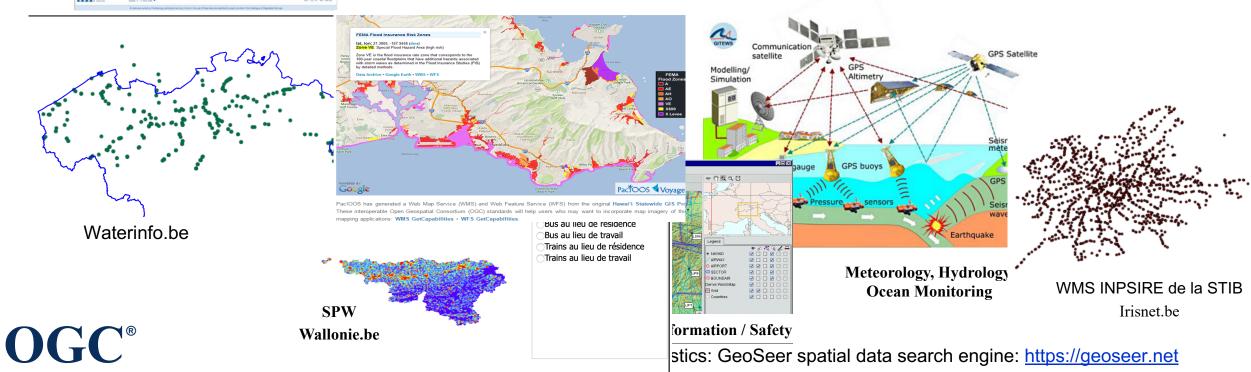
Semantics of Social Connections

Millions of Geospatial Datasets on >200K Servers

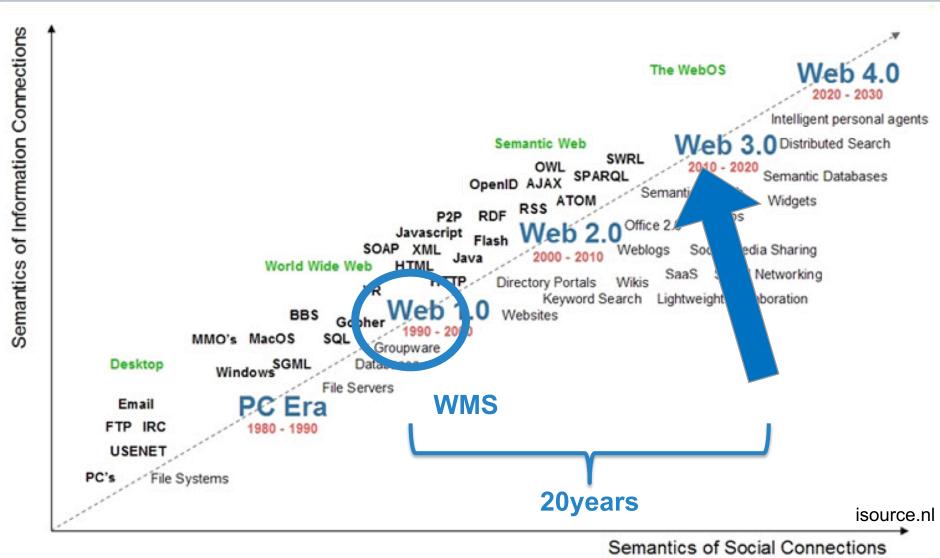


Web Map Service (WMS)
Web Map Tile Service (WMTS)
Web Feature Service (WFS)
Web Coverage Service (WCS)
KML, GML, GeoPackage
GeoTIFF, NetCDF, HDF





We are ahead of our time! Harder, Better, Faster, Stronger



Madame Globe and Mister Cube met in 2014









OGC and W3C come together in 2014, Universal Nation









OWS and API Innovation



- OGC is advancing new standards while simultaneously maintaining the OGC Standards Baseline
- The OGC API approach is based on technologies that did not exist during development of initial OGC Web Services (OWS).
- OGC will continue to maintain the approved OWS Standards, e.g., WFS, Version 2, while developing and maintaining new standards based on using approaches for APIs and OGC building blocks

This approach is consistent with the OGC Innovation Statement from 2014 that anticipates OGC addressing the innovator's dilemma of maintaining the current OGC standards baseline while simultaneously developing standards to support evolving and potentially disruptive technologies, community needs and market trends."



OGC/W3C Best Practices for Spatial Data on the Web



Web principles for spatial data

- Use globally unique persistent HTTP URIs for spatial things
- Make your spatial data indexable by search engines
- Link resources together to create the Web of data

Key spatial aspects

- Use spatial data encodings that match your target audience
- Provide geometries on the Web in a usable way
- Provide geometries on the Web at the right level of accuracy, precision, and size
- Choose coordinate reference systems to suit your user's applications
- State how coordinate values are encoded
- Describe relative positioning

Access

- Use appropriate relation types to link Spatial Things
- Provide information on the changing nature of spatial things
- Expose spatial data through 'convenience APIs'

Metadata

- Include spatial metadata in dataset metadata
- Describe the positional accuracy of spatial data





https://www.w3.org/TR/sdw-bp/

OGC API Standards Development – We Come 1

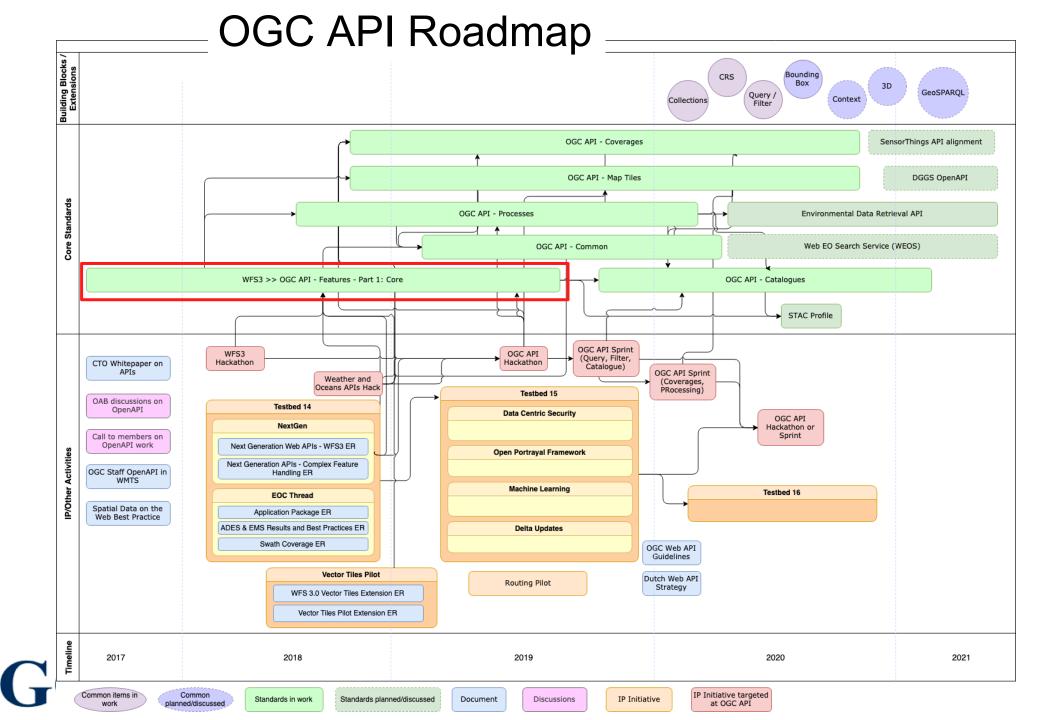
Modular API building blocks; spatially enable Web APIs in a consistent way

- Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices
- OGC® W3C

- Leverages OpenAPI
- Focus on developer experience and usability
- Modular building blocks for access to spatial data that can be used in data APIs,
- Open development; Public GitHub, Early implementations, In-depth validation

OGC API - Features
OGC API - Coverages
OGC API - Map Tiles
OGC API - TJS
OGC API - Processes





OGC - API Features: Access to collections of features



GET /collections

 Lists geospatial data collections that can be queried; describes basic information about the collection, e.g., id, description, spatial and temporal extents of all the data contained

GET /collections/buildings/items?bbox=160.6,-55.95,-170,-25.89

- Requests all data in collection "buildings" that is in the New Zealand economic zone.
- Response format (typically HTML or <u>GeoJSON</u> feature collection; GML is supported)
 determined using <u>HTTP content negotiation</u>. Data returned in pageable chunks.
- Core specification supports a few basic filters, in addition to the bbox filter

GET /collections/{collectionId}/items/{featureId}

Returns single 'feature' - (a building, a stream, a county, etc.); typically described by a
geometry plus other properties. Provides a stable URL to link to the 'spatial thing'



OGC API Features - Implementations



- OpenAPI definition examples
 - <u>first example (ogcapi-features-1-example1.yaml)</u>
 - generic example uses path parameters to describe feature collections and all features.
 - second example (ogcapi-features-1-example2.yaml)
 - does not use path parameter for collections; explicitly provides information about feature collection 'buildings' (paths /collections/buildings etc.), schema of the building features (schema buildingGeoJSON), and filter parameter for building features
- Servers
 - interactive instruments, CubeWerx Inc., GeoServer, pygeoapi, jivan, sofp, STAC, nls-fi
- Clients
 - go-wfs3-client, ogr/gdal WFS 3.0 client driver, OWSLib WFS 3.0 client, STAC



OGC API Companion / Advisory Documents



OGC Web API Guidelines

Principle #1 – Don't Reinvent

Principle #2 – Keep It Simple and Intuitive

Principle #3 - Use Well-Known Resource Types

Principle #4 – Construct consistent URIs

Principle #5 – Use HTTP Methods consistent with RFC 2616

Principle #6 – Put Selection Criteria behind the '?'

Principle #7 – Error Handling and use of HTTP Status Codes

Principle #8 – Use of HTTP Status Codes

Principle #9 – Use of HTTP Header

Principle #10 - Content Negotiation

Principle #11 - Pagination

Principle #12 – Processing Resources

Principle #13 – Support Metadata

Principle #14 – Consider your Security needs

Principle #15 – API Description

Principle #16 - Use IANA well-known identifiers

Principle #17 - Use explicit geospatial relations

Principle #18 - Support W3C Cross-Origin Resource Sharing

Principle #19 - Resource encodings

Principle #20 - Good APIs are testable from the beginning

OGC API Common

- API landing page
- API definition
- Declaration of Conformance.
- HTTP
- Web caching.
- Support for cross-origin requests
- Encodings.
- Coordinate reference systems
- Link headers
- Collections metadata
- Resource Collection metadata.
- Resource Collections
- Parameters.

https://github.com/opengeospatial/oapi_common/blob/master/19-xxx.html

https://github.com/epengeospatial/ogc-web-api-guidelines

OGC API - Features and Catalogues Sprint, Nov 2019

- - Extensions for OGC API Features and OGC API Catalogue
 - Organized jointly with the SpatioTemporal Asset Catalog (STAC)
 - Query and Filter Operations
 - Will bring OGC API Features to similar capability as WFS
 - Dates: Tuesday, 5 November to Thursday, 7 November, 2019
 - Location: IQT CosmiQ Works, Arlington, VA, USA.
 - Apply to attend here: https://forms.gle/ELu3nbXQ16yLuu2S9
 - Majority of time will be spent in collaboration between participants in active coding



ESIP/OGC API-Coverage/Grid Analytics Sprint, Jan 2020



- Extensions to OGC API Coverages and OGC API Processes
 - Methods to be available as building blocks for reuse in all OGC APIs
- Coverage analytics
 - As in OGC Geospatial Coverages Data Cubes Community Practice
 - Analytics using either OGC WCS Processing Extension (WCS-P) and/or OGC Web Processing Service (WPS).
 - Consider: Jupyter notebooks and Python scripting language; Array Databases, e.g., ISO/IEC 9075-15 SQL/MDA (Multi-Dimensional Arrays); GeoXarray and ZARR API;
 - Also OGC NetCDF, DAP/OPeNDAP, and RDF Data Cube with Geo-Spatial Extensions
- Sprint Co-located with 2020 ESIP Winter Meeting
 - 6/Monday and 7/Tuesday, January 2020 in Bethesda, MD, USA
 - Registration: https://2020esipwintermeeting.sched.com/info



113TH OGC TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

Toulouse, FR

18-21 November 2019

#OGC19FR

8:00 – 8: 8:00 – 8: 8:00 – 8: 8:00 – 8: Oata Quali CITE SC Point Clou O&M DWG SWG	8:00 – 9:45 Future Directions	8:00 – 9:45 OAB (Open)	8:00 – 8: 8:00 – 8: 8:00 – 8: 8:00 – 8 OGC Nami 3D Portray Environme Security Authority SWG Data API S DWG
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9:45 - Break	9:45 - Break	9:45 – Break	9:45 – Break
10:15 – 12:00 IC Opening Plenary	10:15 - 110:15 - 110:15 - 10:15 D&I DWG OWS Comijoint AgriSemai SWG GeoScienc + GeoSciMLS session	10:15 - 110:15 - 110:15 - 1 Augmente <mark>CityGML S'</mark> Health DW Borehole Reality Sur Session 1	10:15 - 110:15 - 110:15 - 10:15 - CityGML S'IndoorGMI Big Data D OCC SWC Value working session
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5:00 – 8:00 ce Breaker (TBD)		6:00 – 10:00 Dinner – J'GO (Ticket required)	



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What Else Is There?



OGC Tech Trends



www.ReneMagritte.org



OGC Technology Trends



Breadth

Identify and Characterize Trends



Trends Mindmap



Assessment

Prioritize and Evaluate Trends



Technology Roadmaps

	Where are we now?	How do we get there?	Where do we want to go?
Market and Policy	Market and Pol	Cy Market Policy Stimulus	Why do we need to act?
Application	Applications	Application Achievement Enabling Standard	What should we do?
Technology	Technology	Technology Enabler	How can we do it?

Focus

Take Action

Innovation Program

e.g. planning Testbeds

Standards Program

e.g. Future Directions

Marketing And Promotion

e.g. Location Powers

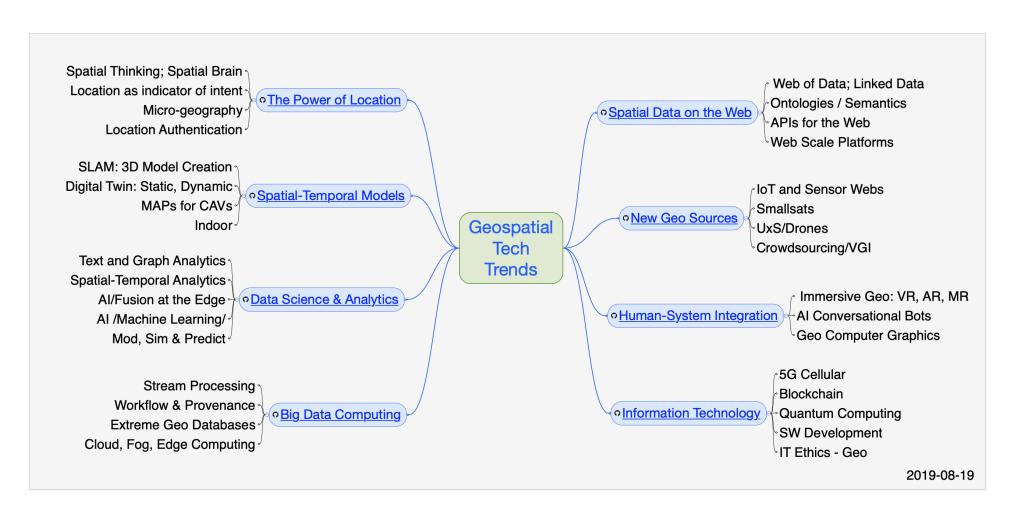
Member Consultation

e.g. NDA Tailored forecasts/discussion



OGC Tech Trends Mindmap





Publicly Available at: https://github.com/opengeospatial/OGC-Technology-Trends



OGC Trends Assessed in 2019



- 2019Q1
 - Indoor
 - UAV/UAS/UxS
 - Blockchain
 - Immersive Geo: AR, VR, xR
 - Mod, Sim, Predict
- 2019Q2
 - Digital Twin: Static and Dynamic
 - Web of Data: Linked Data, GQL
 - Machine Learning
 - Quantum Computing & Sensing

- 2019Q3
 - Edge Computing: AI/ML, VR
 - Maps for CAVs
 - Geo IT Ethics
 - Data Science: Al/ML
- 2019Q4
 - Scaling to 100,000+ sources
 - Geospatial Technology Basemap



Identifying "Ripe Trends"



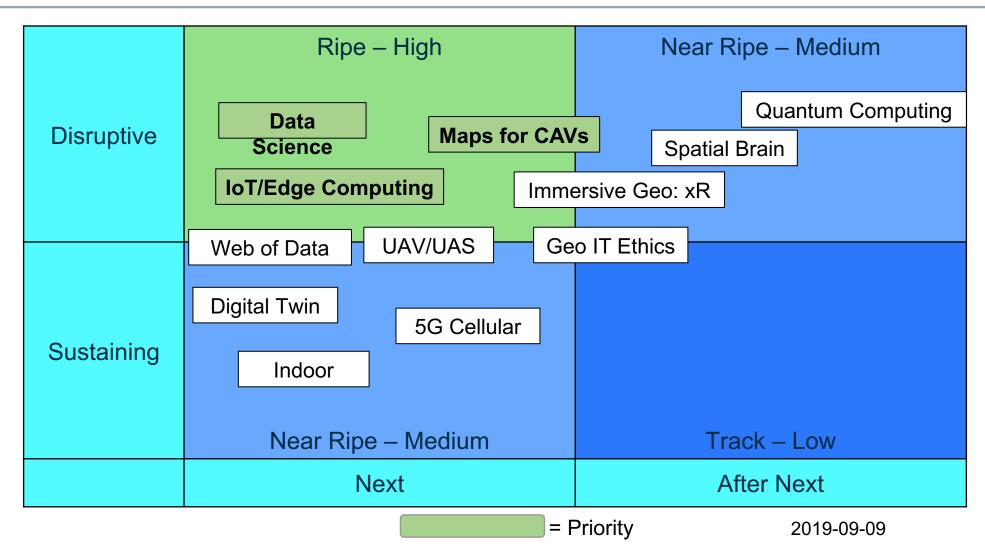
- Criteria 1: Horizon
 - Now: current activity in OGC program that is leading to mature product (TRL 6+)
 - Next: Planned for next testbed or a SWG to happen in the next year.
 - After Next: Future
- Criteria 2: Impact
 - Sustaining innovation
 - comes from listening to the needs of customers in the existing market and creating products that satisfy their predicted needs for the future.
 - Disruptive innovation
 - Disruptive innovation creates new markets separate to the mainstream; markets that are unknowable at the time of the technologies conception.

Disruptive	Ripe – High	Near Ripe – Medium
Sustaining	Near Ripe – Medium	Track – Low
	Next	After Next



Priority Tech Trends







Conclusions



- Spatial is not special*
 - We need align with mainstream IT
 - Democratize location
- OWS is here to stay
 - OGC is advancing new standards while simultaneously maintaining the OGC Standards Baseline
- OGC API aligns with web best practices
- We are ahead of the technology curve



Using location, we connect people, communities, technology and decision making to create a sustainable future



Thank you!!



- Please reach out:
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 - @BartDeLathouwer



